

## Induktivno opterećen trofazni mosni spoj

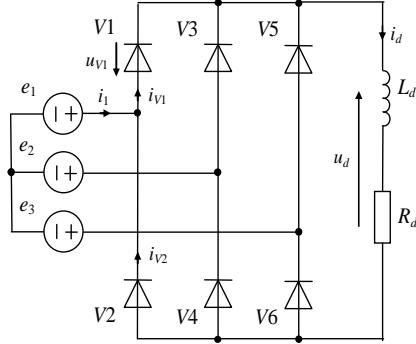
$$e_1 = 326 \sin 100\pi t, \text{ V}$$

$$e_2 = 326 \sin(100\pi t + 120^\circ), \text{ V}$$

$$e_3 = 326 \sin(100\pi t + 240^\circ), \text{ V}$$

$$L_d = 100 \text{ mH}$$

$$R_d = 1 \Omega$$



### Analiza valnih oblika za zadane vrijednosti

$$\omega = 100\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$f = \omega / 2\pi$$

$$T = 1/f$$

$$\tau = L_d / R_d$$

$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$

$$T = 20 \text{ ms}$$

$$\tau = 1 \text{ s}$$

$$\tau \gg T/6 \Rightarrow i_d \approx \text{konst.} = I_d(0) = I_d$$

$$U_d(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{\frac{5\pi}{6}}{\frac{\pi}{6}} \hat{E} \sin \omega t d\omega t$$

$$U_d(0) = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{\pi} \hat{E}$$

$$U_d(0) = 539,2 \text{ V}$$

$$U_d(0) = U_{Ld}(0) + U_{Rd}(0)$$

$$U_{Ld}(0) = 0$$

$$U_d(0) = U_{Rd}(0)$$

$$I_d(0) = \frac{U_d(0)}{R_d}$$

$$I_d(0) = 539,2 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{V1}(0) = I_{V2}(0) = \dots = I_{V6}(0) = \frac{I_d(0)}{3}$$

$$I_{V1}(0) = 179,7 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{V1} = I_{V2} = \dots = I_{V6} = I_d(0) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$I_{V1} = 311,3 \text{ A}$$

$$i_1 = i_{V1} - i_{V2}$$

$$I_1(0) = I_{V1}(0) - I_{V2}(0)$$

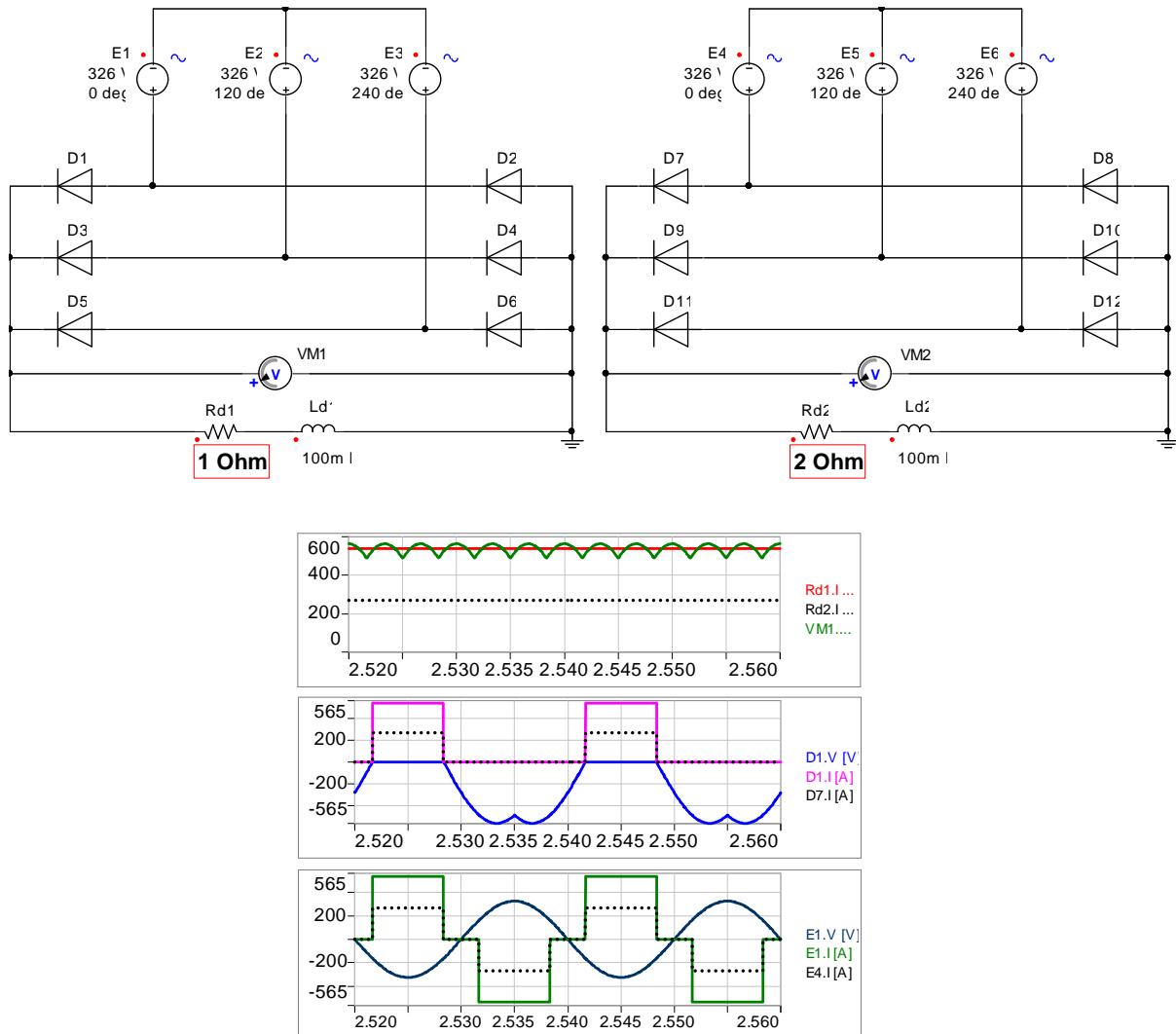
$$I_1(0) = 0$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_3 = I_d \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$$

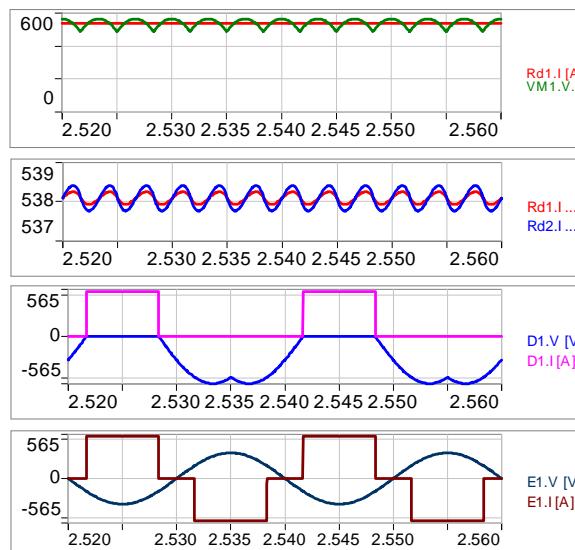
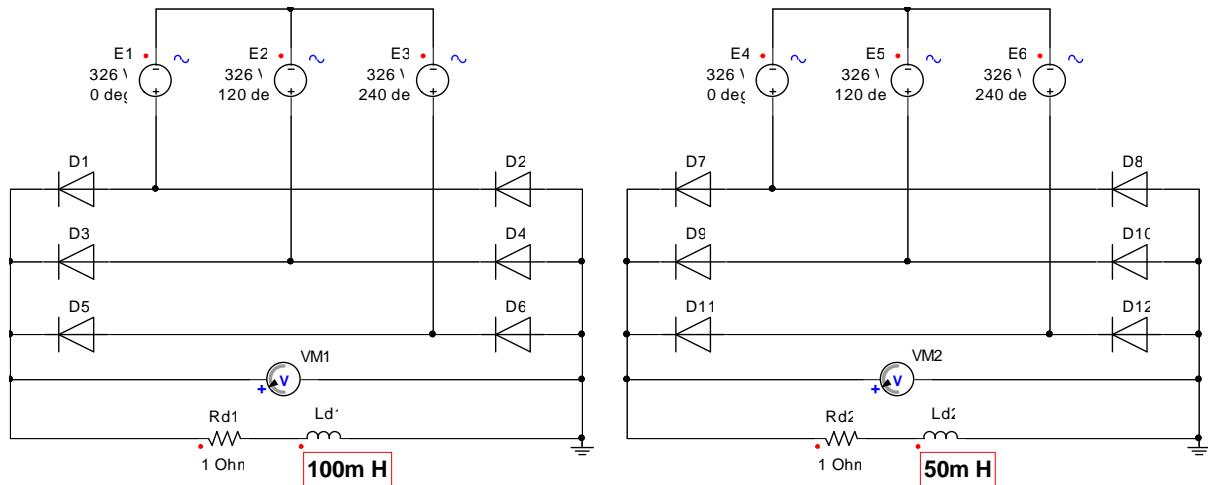
$$I_1 = 440,3 \text{ A}$$

U nastavku su prikazani simulacijom dobiveni valni oblici pri promjeni parametara  $R_d$  i  $L_d$ .

**Ovisnost valnih oblika induktivno opterećenog trofaznog mosnog spoja o otporu trošila  $R_d$**



## Ovisnost valnih oblika induktivno opterećenog trofaznog mosnog spoja o induktivitetu $L_d$



Induktivitet trošila ne utječe na srednju vrijednost struje trošila, nego samo na njenu valovitost.