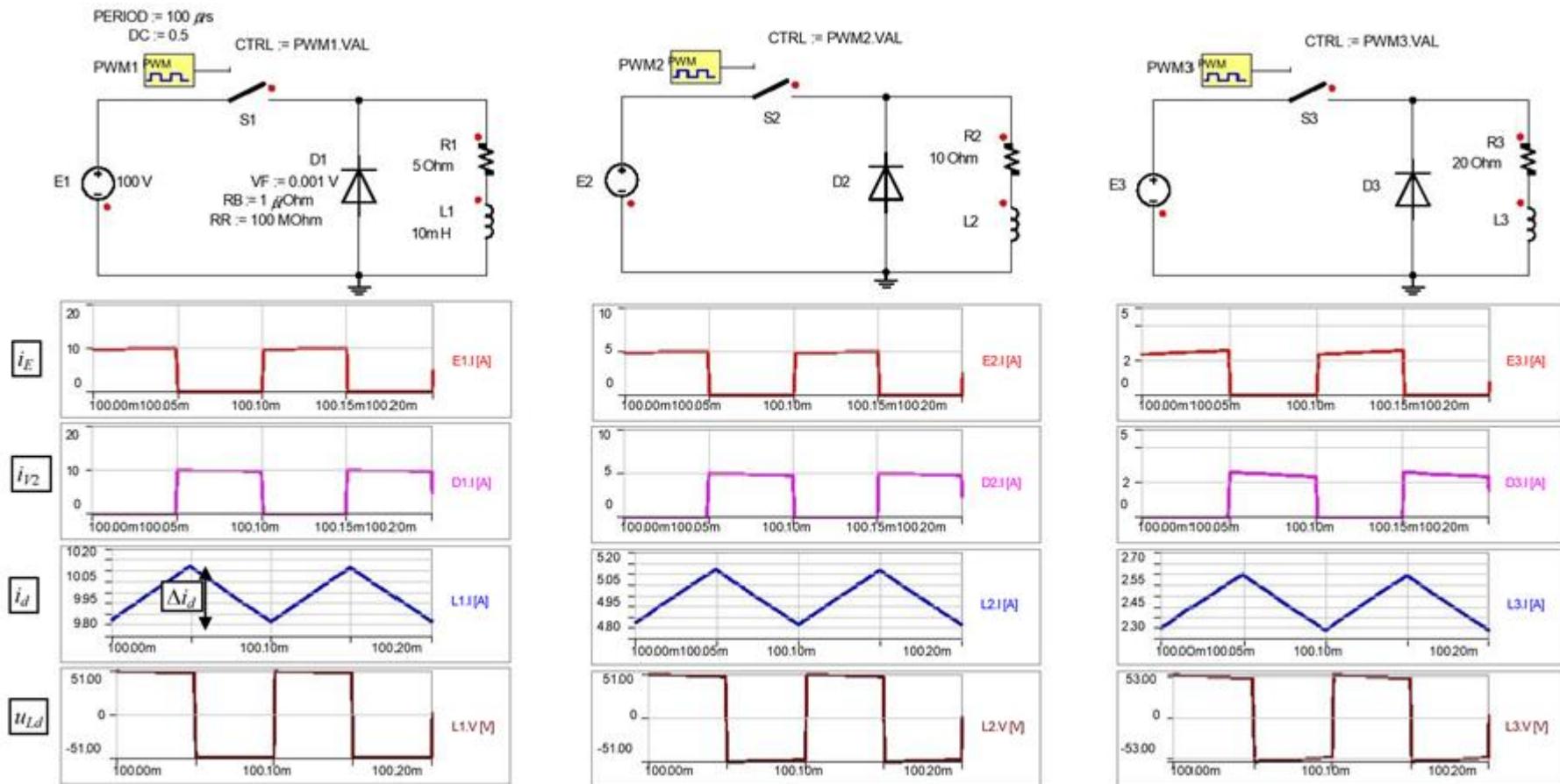


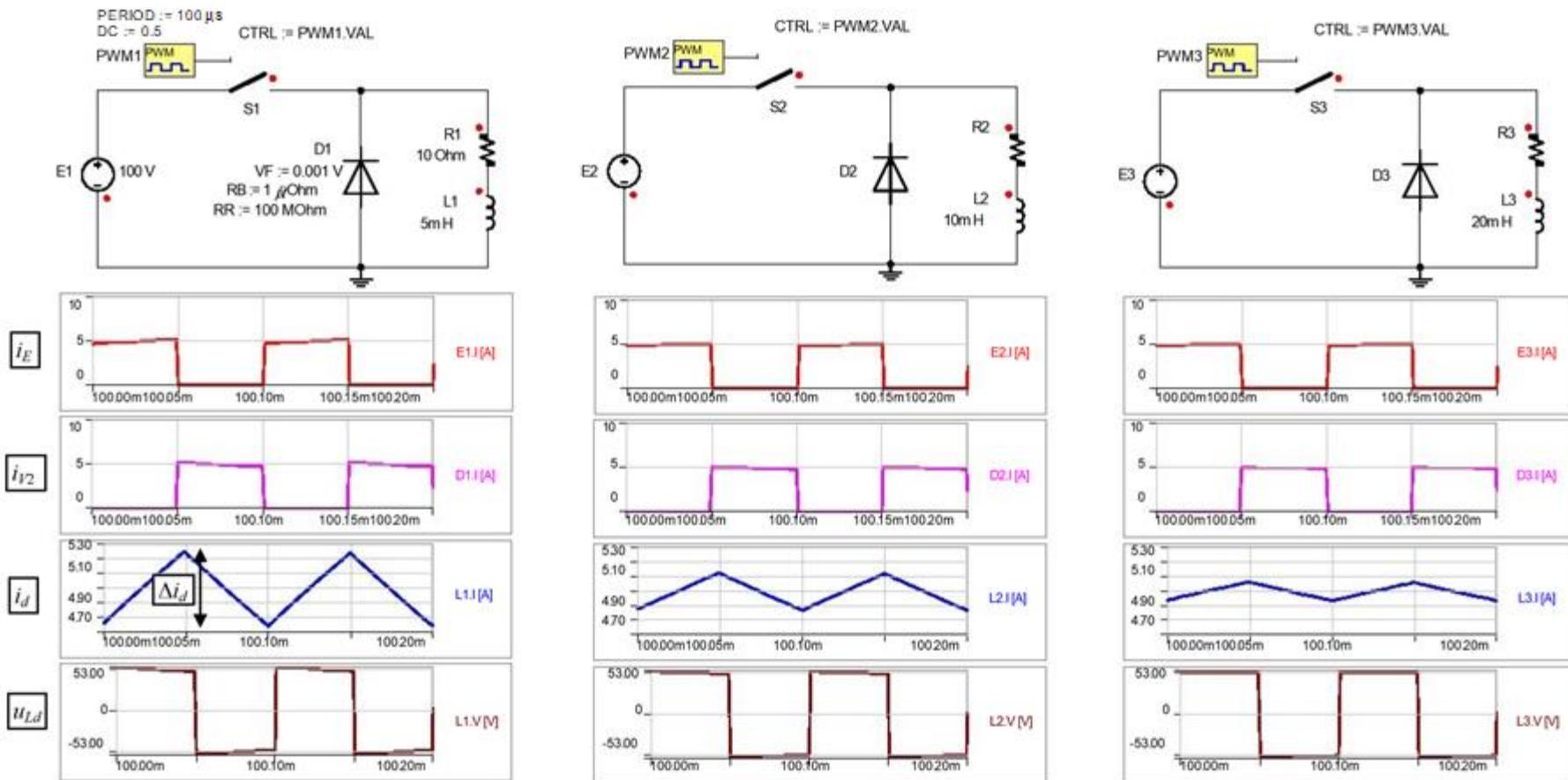
## Dependance of the buck converter waveforms on the load resistance $R_d$



$$T_s = 1/f_s, \quad U_d(0) = \alpha E, \quad I_d(0) = U_d(0)/R_d, \quad P_d(0) = U_d(0) I_d(0), \quad I_E(0) = P_d(0)/E, \quad I_{V2}(0) = I_d(0) - I_E(0), \quad \tau = L_d/R_d, \quad \Delta i_{d\uparrow} = [E - U_d(0)]\alpha T_s/L_d, \quad \Delta i_{d\downarrow} = -U_d(0)(1 - \alpha)T_s/L_d$$

$E$	100	V		$R_d, \Omega$	$U_d(0), V$	$I_d(0), A$	$P_d(0), W$	$I_E(0), A$	$I_{V2}(0), A$	$\tau, s$	$\Delta i_{d\uparrow}, A$	$\Delta i_{d\downarrow}, A$
$\alpha$	0,5			5	50	10,00	500,00	5,00	5,00	0,00200	0,25	-0,25
$f_s$	10	kHz		10	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,00100	0,25	-0,25
$T_s$	100	$\mu$ s		20	50	2,50	125,00	1,25	1,25	0,00050	0,25	-0,25
$L_d$	10	mH										

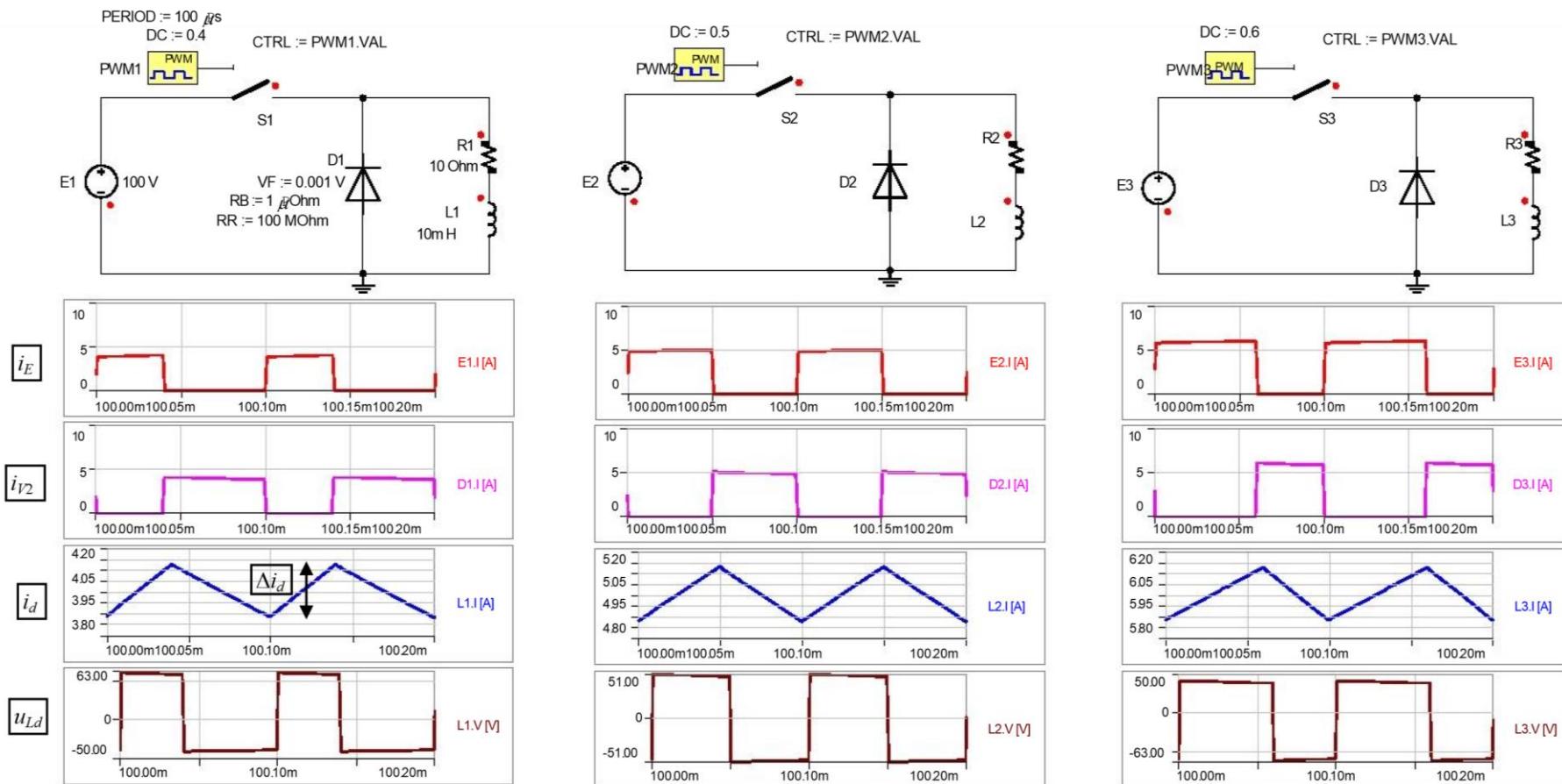
## Dependance of the buck converter waveforms on the load inductance $L_d$



$$T_s = 1/f_s, \quad U_d(0) = \alpha E, \quad I_d(0) = U_d(0)/R_d, \quad P_d(0) = U_d(0) I_d(0), \quad I_E(0) = P_d(0)/E, \quad I_{V2}(0) = I_d(0) - I_E(0), \quad \tau = L_d/R_d, \quad \Delta i_{d\uparrow} = [E - U_d(0)]\alpha T_s/L_d, \quad \Delta i_{d\downarrow} = -U_d(0)(1 - \alpha)T_s/L_d$$

$E$	100	V		$L_d$ , H	$U_d(0)$ , V	$I_d(0)$ , A	$P_d(0)$ , W	$I_E(0)$ , A	$I_{V2}(0)$ , A	$\tau$ , s	$\Delta i_d$ , A	$\Delta i_d$ , A
$\alpha$	0,5			0,005	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,00050	0,5000	-0,5000
$f_s$	10	kHz		0,01	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,00100	0,2500	-0,2500
$T_s$	100	$\mu$ s		0,02	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,00200	0,1250	-0,1250
$R_d$	10	$\Omega$										

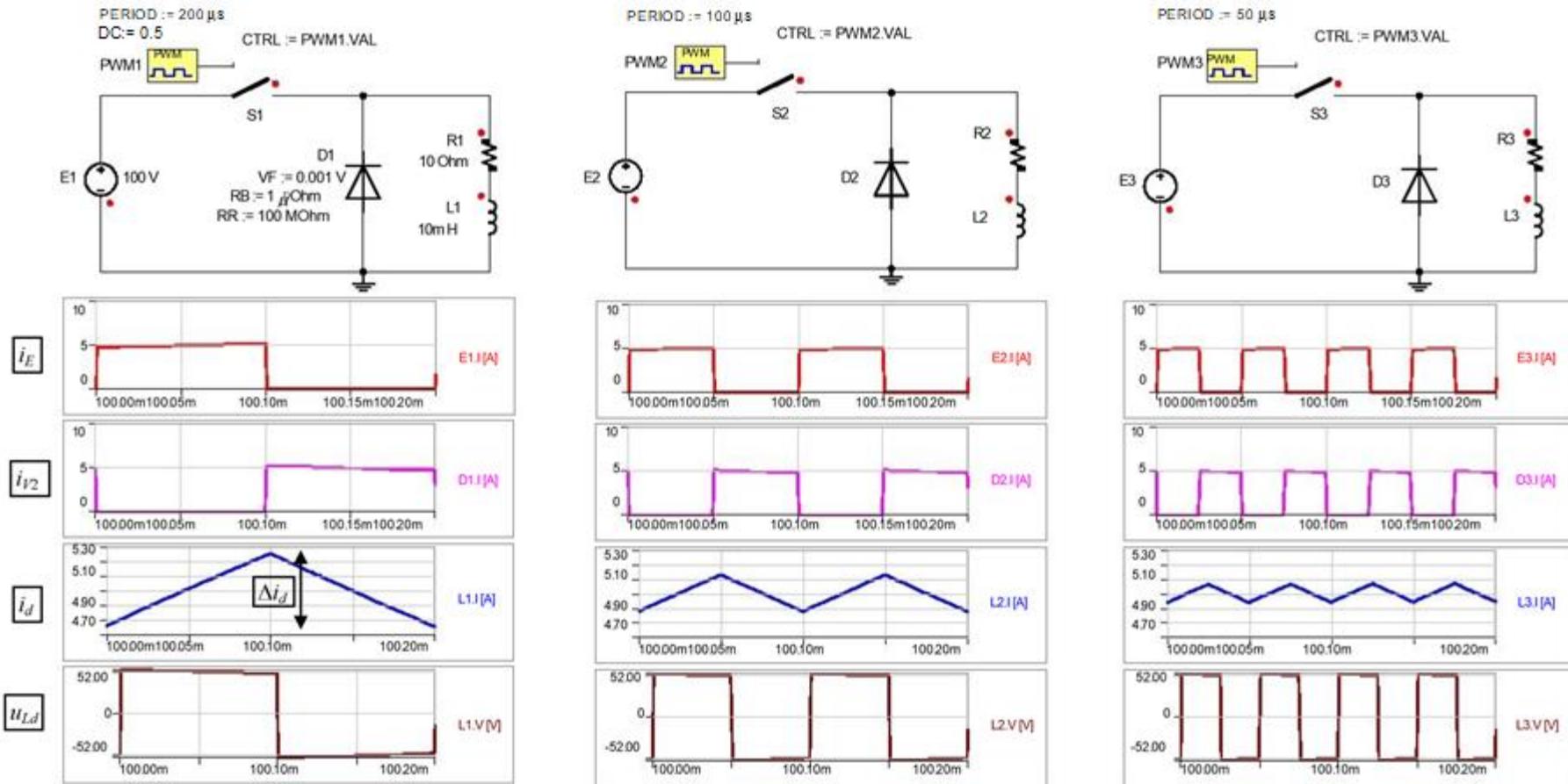
## Dependance of the buck converter waveforms on the duty cycle $\alpha$



$$T_s = 1/f_s, \tau = L_d/R_d, U_d(0) = \alpha E, I_d(0) = U_d(0)/R_d, P_d(0) = U_d(0) I_d(0), I_E(0) = P_d(0)/E, I_{V2}(0) = I_d(0) - I_E(0), \Delta i_{d\uparrow} = [E - U_d(0)]\alpha T_s/L_d, \Delta i_{d\downarrow} = -U_d(0)(1 - \alpha)T_s/L_d$$

$E$	100	V		$\alpha$	$U_d(0)$ , V	$I_d(0)$ , A	$P_d(0)$ , W	$I_E(0)$ , A	$I_{V2}(0)$ , A	$\tau$ , ms	$\Delta i_d$ , A	$\Delta i_d$ , A
$R_d$	10	$\Omega$		0,4	40	4,00	160,00	1,60	2,40	1	0,24	-0,24
$f_s$	10	kHz		0,5	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	1	0,25	-0,25
$T_s$	100	$\mu$ s		0,6	60	6,00	360,00	3,60	2,40	1	0,24	-0,24
$L_d$	10	mH										

## Dependance of the buck converter waveforms on the switching frequency $f_s$



$$\tau = L_d/R_d, \quad T_s = 1/f_s, \quad U_d(0) = \alpha E, \quad I_d(0) = U_d(0)/R_d, \quad P_d(0) = U_d(0) I_d(0), \quad I_E(0) = P_d(0)/E, \quad I_{V2}(0) = I_d(0) - I_E(0), \quad \Delta i_{d\uparrow} = [E - U_d(0)]\alpha T_s/L_d, \quad \Delta i_{d\downarrow} = -U_d(0)(1 - \alpha)T_s/L_d$$

$E$	100	V	$f_s$ , kHz	$T_s$ , µs	$U_d(0)$ , V	$I_d(0)$ , A	$P_d(0)$ , W	$I_E(0)$ , A	$I_{V2}(0)$ , A	$\Delta i_d$ , A	$\Delta i_d$ , A	
$\alpha$	0,5			5	200	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,5	-0,5
$R_d$	10	$\Omega$		10	100	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,25	-0,25
$L_d$	10	mH		20	50	50	5,00	250,00	2,50	2,50	0,125	-0,125
$\tau$	1	ms										