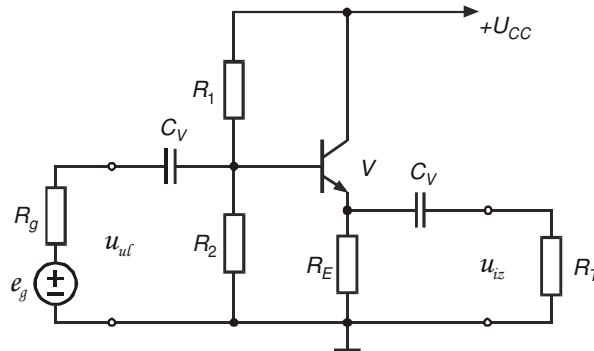
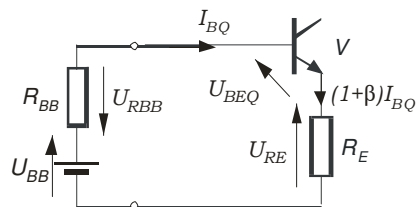


4. domaća zadaća iz Analognih sklopova i Elektroničkih sklopova

1. Za pojačalo sa slike izračunati napon izvora e_g ako je poznato: $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_1 = 75 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 130 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_E = 680 \Omega$, $h_{fe} = \beta = 220$, $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_T = 50 \Omega$, $u_{iz} = 200\sin\omega t$, mV.

**Rješenje:**

Struja baze I_{BQ} može se dobiti postavljanjem Kirchhoffovih zakona za krug baze i rješavanjem dobivenih triju jednažbi s tri nepoznane ili s pomoću Theveninovog teorema kao što će se ovdje primjeniti.



Theveninov napon

$$U_{BB} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot U_{CC} = 9,512 \text{ V}$$

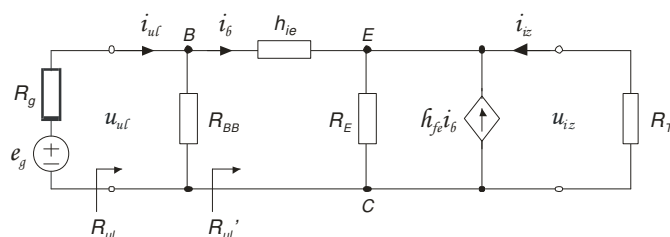
Theveninov otpor

$$R_{BB} = R_1 \parallel R_2 = 47,56 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$U_{BB} = U_{RBB} + U_{BEQ} + U_{RE} = R_{BB} \cdot I_{BQ} + U_{BEQ} + R_E \cdot (1 + \beta) \cdot I_{BQ}$$

$$I_{BQ} = \frac{U_{BB} - U_{BEQ}}{R_{BB} + (1 + \beta) \cdot R_E} = 44,54 \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_{CQ} = \beta \cdot I_{BQ} = 9,799 \text{ mA}, \quad U_{CEQ} = U_{CC} - R_E \cdot I_{CQ} = 8,337 \text{ V}$$



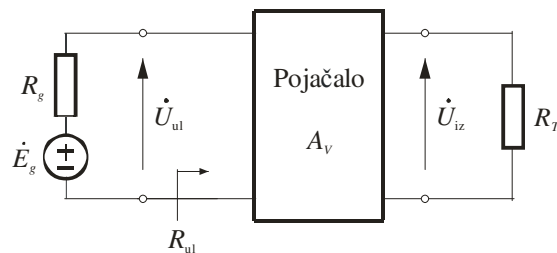
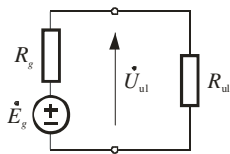
$$h_{ie} = \frac{mU_T}{I_{BQ}} = \frac{0,025}{I_{BQ}} = 561,3 \Omega$$

$$R_{ul} = \frac{\dot{U}_{ul}}{\dot{I}_{ul}} = R_B \parallel R_{ul}'$$

$$R_{ul}' = \frac{\dot{U}_{ul}}{\dot{I}_b} = \dots = \frac{u_{ul}}{i_b} = h_{ie} + (1 + h_{fe}) \cdot R_E \parallel R_T = 10,85 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_{ul} = 8,838 \text{ k}\Omega$$

S obzirom na izvor signala e_g cijelo se pojačalo može nadomjestiti jednoprilazom čiji je otpor jednak ulaznom otporu pojačala R_{ul} (slika lijevo). S obzirom na zadaću pojačala da ulazni signal pojača i preda ga trošilu na izlazu, pojačalo se može nadomjestiti dvoprilazom s pojačanjem A_V (slika desno).



$$\dot{U}_{ul} = \frac{R_{ul}}{R_{ul} + R_g} \cdot \dot{E}_g$$

$$A_V = \frac{\dot{U}_{iz}}{\dot{U}_{ul}} = \dots = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = \frac{(1 + h_{fe}) \cdot R_E \parallel R_T}{h_{ie} + (1 + h_{fe}) \cdot R_E \parallel R_T} = 0,9483$$

$$\dot{U}_{ul} = \frac{\dot{U}_{iz}}{A_V}$$

$$u_{ul} = 210,9 \sin \omega t, \text{ mV}$$

$$\dot{E}_g = \frac{R_{ul} + R_g}{R_{ul}} \cdot \dot{U}_{ul} = 2,132 \cdot \dot{U}_{ul}$$

$$e_g = 450,0 \sin \omega t, \text{ mV}$$